CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

RUTHERFORD, TAYLOR & COMPANY, P.C. Certified Public Accountants 3500 Joe Ramsey Blvd. Greenville, Texas 75401 (903) 455-6252

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Canton Independent S Name of School I		Van Zandt County	234-902 CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned,	certify that the atta	ached auditor's report of the ab	pove named school district was
reviewed and	_ approved/	disapproved for the yea	r ended August 31, 2019, at a
meeting of the board o	f school trustees of	such school district on	
Signature of Board Sec	cretary	Signature of Board	d President
If the auditor's report necessary):	was checked above	e as disapproved, the reasons((s) therefore is/are (attach list if

FINANCIAL SECTION

RUTHERFORD, TAYLOR & COMPANY, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

3500 Joe Ramsey Blvd.	Greenville, Texas 75401	(903) 455-6252	Fax (903) 455-6667
	INDEPENDENT AUDITO	OR'S REPORT	
Members of the Board			

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Canton Independent School District (District), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Canton Independent School District as of August 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and certain pension disclosures be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Districts basic financial statements as a whole. The Schedules identified in the table of contents as other supplementary information are presented for the purpose of additional analysis, and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used in the preparation of the basic financial statements. Such Information has been subjected to the auditing procedures of the basic financial statement and certain additional procedures including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic finance statements or the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other supplementary information schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 11, 2019, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

November 11, 2019 Greenville, Texas

Rutherford, Taylor & Cangang PL

RUTHERFORD, TAYLOR & COMPANY, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the Board

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Canton Independent School District (District), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 11, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Report on Internal Control - Continued

Rutherford, Taylor & Cayang PL

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

November 11, 2019 Greenville, Texas

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Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Members of the Board

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Canton Independent School District's (District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2019. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

Internal Control over Compliance with the Uniform Guidance - Continued

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

November 11, 2019 Greenville, Texas

Rutherford, Taylor & Congang PL

Summary of Auditor's Results (Section I)

Financial Statements -

Type of auditor's report issued Unmodified Opinion

Internal Control over Financial Reporting:

Material weaknesses identified None

Significant deficiencies identified that are

Noncompliance material to the financial

statements noted None

Federal Awards -

Internal control over major programs:

Material weaknesses identified None

Significant deficiencies identified that are

Type of Auditor's report issued on

compliance for major programs Unmodified Opinion

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance

with the Uniform Guidance No

Identification of major programs Special Education Cluster:

IDEA-B Formula (84.027) IDEA-B Preschool (84.173)

Dollar threshold used to distinguish

between Type A and Type B programs \$ 750,000

Entity qualified as a low risk auditee Yes

Pass-through Entity Texas Education Agency

Corrective Action F	Plans ((Section V)
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This section of Canton Independent School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ended August 31, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the District's basic financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

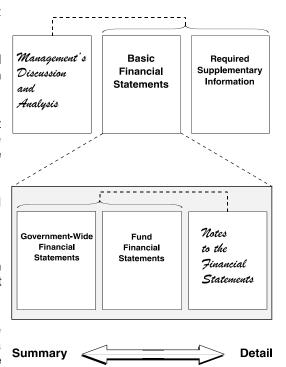
- The District's total combined net position was \$ 11,054,475 at August 31, 2019.
- During the year, the District's expenses were \$ 2,321,012 less than the \$ 24,529,319 generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- The total cost of the District's programs increased over the prior year due to the prior year implementation of GASB 75, which required reporting on-behalf supplemental contributions from the state and retiree healthcare program changes.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance this year of \$ 11,392,134.
- The District issued no new debt.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as a print shop.
- Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

Figure A-1, Required Components of the District's Annual Financial Report



The basic financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the basic financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the basic financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's basic financial statements, including the portion of the District government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of

			Fund Statements	
Type of Statements	Government-wide	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
	· 1	The activities of the district that are not proprietary or fiduciary		Instances in which the district is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources
Required financial statements	Statement of net assets Statement of activities	Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures & changes in fund balances	Statement of net assets Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets Statement of cash flows	Statement of fiduciary net assets Statement of changes in fiduciary net assets
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of	both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	be used up and liabilities that come due during the	both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long- term; the Agency's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Figure A-2. Major Features of the District's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position—the difference between the District's assets and liabilities—is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's tax base and student population.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services and general administration. Property taxes and grants finance most of these activities.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The District has the following kinds of funds:

• Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information on the subsequent page that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

- Proprietary funds—Services for which the District charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-term and shortterm financial information. We use internal service funds to report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities.
- Fiduciary funds—The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The District's combined net position were \$ 11,054,475 at August 31, 2019

Canton Independent S	Schoo	ol District's Ne	et P	osition	Table A-1
					Total
		Governr	men	al	Percentage
		Activi	ities		Change
		2019		2018	2018-2019
Assets:					
Cash and Investments	\$	12,363,815	\$	11,487,087	7.63%
Other Assets		1,694,458		1,520,089	11.47%
Capital Assets less Accumulated Depreciation		35,682,076		35,993,796	-0.87%
Total Assets	\$	49,740,349	\$	49,000,972	1.51%
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	4,857,564	\$	2,736,864	77.49%
Liabilities:					
Current Liabilities	\$	1,083,210	\$	924,981	17.11%
Long-term Liabilities	·	40,197,123	·	39,465,002	1.86%
Total Liabilities	\$	41,280,333	\$	40,389,983	2.20%
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	2,263,105	\$	2,614,388	-13.44%
Net Position:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	8,110,904	\$	1,906,571	325.42%
Restricted		880,040		755,744	16.45%
Unrestricted		2,063,531		6,071,148	-66.01%
Total Net Position	\$	11,054,475	\$	8,733,463	26.58%

Approximately \$ 744,028 of the District's restricted net position represent funds available for debt retirement. These funds are restricted for retirement of tax supported debt. The unrestricted net asset represents resources available to fund the programs of the District next year.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

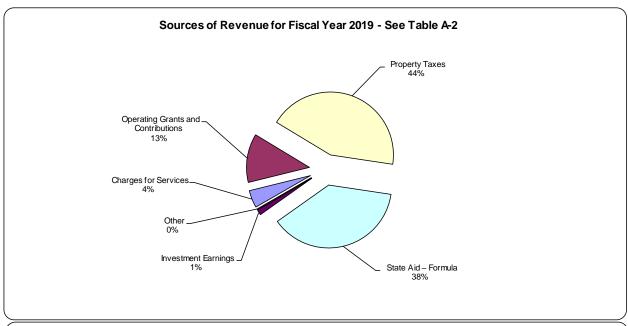
The District's total revenues were \$ 24,529,319. 44% of the District's revenue comes from local property taxes (See Table A-2). 51% comes from state aid and federal grants, while only 5% relates to charges for services and other revenue sources, including investment income.

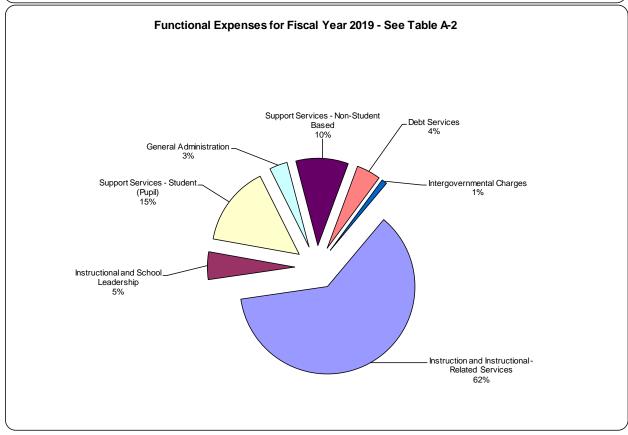
The total cost of all programs and services was \$ 22,208,307. 62% of these costs are for instruction and instructional related services.

The District's tax collection percentage rate (current and delinquent base tax only) was 99.17%. The total collection percentage rate (base tax and penalty and interest) was 100.37%.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Changes in Contag Indonesia at 6	Sabaal Distriction	Not Docition	Table A-2
Changes in Canton Independent S	School District's I	Net Position	Total
	Governr	mental	Percentage
	Activi	ties	Change
	2019	2018	2018-2019
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$ 1,097,311	\$ 969,084	13.23%
Operating Grants and Contributions	3,071,876	(568,615)	-640.24%
General Revenues:	0,071,070	(000,010)	0 10.2 170
Property Taxes	10,722,149	10,189,838	5.22%
State Aid – Formula	9,274,868	9,232,008	0.46%
Investment Earnings	332,830	185,941	79.00%
Other	30,285	1,735	1645.53%
Total Revenues	\$ 24,529,319	\$ 20,009,991	22.59%
10.0.1	Ψ = :,e=e,e:e	Ψ =0,000,00.	0070
Expenses:			
Instruction	\$ 13,308,175	\$ 8,578,640	55.13%
Instructional Resources and Media Services	296,025	197,131	50.17%
Curriculum and Staff Development	72,886	47,617	53.07%
Instructional Leadership	159,444	100,375	58.85%
School Leadership	980,050	551,143	77.82%
Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	559,550	347,917	60.83%
Social Work Services	47,818	17,462	173.84%
Health Services	264,541	168,812	56.71%
Student (Pupil) Transportation	433,253	345,256	25.49%
Food Services	659,219	668,504	-1.39%
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	1,320,715	1,216,867	8.53%
General Administration	737,729	492,362	49.83%
Plant Maintenance and Operations	1,757,989	1,555,544	13.01%
Security and Monitoring Services	180,825	70,289	157.26%
Data Processing Services	216,448	189,616	14.15%
Debt Service	992,035	1,157,027	-14.26%
Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements	-	2,298	-100.00%
Other Intergovernmental Charges	221,605	216,240	2.48%
Total Expenses	\$ 22,208,307	\$ 15,923,100	39.47%
Excess (Deficiency) Before Other Resources,			
Uses and Transfers	\$ 2,321,012	\$ 4,086,891	43.21%
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$ 2,321,012	\$ 4,086,891	43.21%
Net Position - Beginning (September 1)	\$ 8,733,463	\$ 13,860,010	-36.99%
Prior Period Adjustment	-	(9,213,438)	100.00%
Net Position - Beginning, as Restated	\$ 8,733,463	\$ 4,646,572	87.95%
Net Position - Ending (August 31)	\$ 11,054,475	\$ 8,733,463	26.58%





- Table A-3 presents the cost of selected District functions as well as the selected function's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what was funded by state revenues as well as local tax dollars.
- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$ 22,208,307.
- However, the amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was only \$10,722,149.
- Some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs \$ 1,097,311, or
- By grants and contributions \$ 3,071,876.

	Canton Independent School District's Net Cost of Selected District Functions					
	Total Cost of	of Services	%	Net Cost of	f Services	%
	2019	2018	Change	2019	2018	Change
Instruction	\$13,308,175	\$ 8,578,640	55.13%	\$10,830,182	\$ 8,940,003	21.14%
School Leadership	980,050	551,143	77.82%	904,523	680,407	32.94%
General Administration	737,729	492,362	49.83%	695,582	564,289	23.27%
Plant Maintenance and Operations	1,757,989	1,555,544	13.01%	1,709,869	1,597,590	7.03%
Debt Service	992,035	1,157,027	-14.26%	821,312	881,094	-6.78%

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Revenues in the governmental funds totaled \$23,945,734. This represents an increase of \$950,966 from the prior year revenues of \$22,994,768. The change represents an increase in local revenues and state aid related to student enrollment and attendance.

Expenditures in the governmental funds totaled \$23,124,057. This represents an increase of \$731,498 from the prior year expenditures of \$22,392,559. The change represents an increase in both debt expense and capital improvements related to early retirement of debt and facility upgrades and improvements.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, the District revised its General Fund budget several times. With these adjustments, actual expenditures were \$ 1,473,488 below final budget amounts. The most significant positive variance resulted from lower than expected expenses in the functional area of capital outlay, transportation and instruction.

Resources available were \$ 1,151,039 above final budgeted amounts. The favorable variance was a reflection of better than expected state aid due to increased enrollment and attendance.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

CAPITAL ASSETS

At year end, the District had invested \$68,630,245 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, equipment, buildings and vehicles (See Table A-4).

Canton Independ	dent Schoo	l District's Ca	pit	al Assets	Table A-4
·			-		Total
		Govern	mei	ntal	Percentage
		Activ	itie	S	Change
		2019		2018	2018-2019
Land	\$	976,909	\$	976,909	0.00%
Construction in Progress		2,173,442		231,088	840.53%
Buildings and Improvements		62,081,230		62,250,639	-0.27%
Equipment		1,002,736		978,178	2.51%
Vehicles		2,395,928		2,189,109	9.45%
Totals at Historical Cost	\$	68,630,245	\$	66,625,923	3.01%
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(32,948,169)		(30,632,127)	7.56%
Net Capital Assets	\$	35,682,076	\$	35,993,796	-0.87%

DEBT

At year end, the District had \$29,099,007 in debt outstanding as shown in Table A-5. More detailed information about the District's debt is presented in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Canton In	ndependent School District's Debt	Table A-5
	Governmental Activities 2019 2018	Total Percentage Change 2018-2019
Bonds Payable Other Debt Payable Total Debt Payable	\$ 26,421,000 \$ 28,674,367 2,678,007 2,812,004 \$ 29,099,007 \$ 31,486,371	-7.86% -4.77% -7.58%

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The District's property valuation has rebounded from significant drops due to housing development bankruptcies and foreclosures. The assessed valuation as increased for the year and values continue to look positive. Local property tax rates are restricted by state statute, without local elections, to \$ 1.04 for maintenance and operations. This change in funding and other legislative changes could impact the District's financial operations, including cash flows.

Student population has remained at a steady historical growth rate in the District. The economic outlook for the area is for growth to be expanding relatively slowly, as indicated by steady property value increases from the prior year. Housing has not expanded at the rate of other north central Texas communities. These economic conditions allow the District to maintain constant funding and staffing levels.

The State has increased funding levels for the 2019-2021 biennium, which will affect the revenue levels of the District. The level of funding per attendance credits increased significantly. With these increases, the state imposed requirements to spend at least 30% of the new funding on salaries to personnel with at least 75% of the 30% to be for teachers and other designated classes of employees. With these increases in funding, the District anticipates monitoring expenditure levels to ensure financial stability remains strong.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Denise Stone, Business Manager for the District.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2019

1

Data			
Control		G	overnmental
Codes	_		Activities
	ASSETS		
1110	Cash and Investments	\$	12,363,815
1225	Property Taxes Receivable, Net		560,61
1240	Due from Other Governments		999,68
1250	Accrued Interest		1,43
1410	Unrealized Expenses		132,72
	Capital Assets:		
1510	Land		976,90
1520	Building and Improvement, Net		31,750,81
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net		780,91
1580	Constuction in Progress		2,173,44
1000	Total Assets	\$	49,740,34
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
1701	Deferred Outflows - Refunding	\$	1,335,44
1705	Deferred Outflows - Pensions		2,659,17
1706	Deferred Outflows - OPEB		862,94
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	4,857,56
	LIABILITIES		
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	192,57
2140	Interest Payable		36,81
2165	Accrued Liabilities		799,96
2180	Due to Other Governments		18,15
2300	Unearned Revenues		35,69
	Noncurrent Liabilities:		
2501	Due within one year		1,384,00
2502	Due in more than one year		27,715,00
2540	Net Pension Liability		4,767,66
2545	Net OPEB Liability		6,330,45
2000	Total Liabilities		41,280,33
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
2605	Deferred Inflows - Pensions	\$	261,26
2606	Deferred Inflows - OPEB		2,001,84
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u> </u>	2,263,10
	NET POSITION		
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	8,110,90
	Restricted For:		
3820	State and Federal Programs		54,55
3850	Debt Service		744,02
3890	Other Purposes		81,45
3900	Unrestricted		2,063,53
3000	Total Net Position	_\$	11,054,47

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

3 4

					Program	ı Rever	nues	F	et (Expense) Revenue and langes in Net Assets
Data							Operating		
Contro	ol			C	harges for	(Grants and	G	overnmental
Codes	s Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	С	ontributions		Activities
	Governmental Activities:								
11	Instruction	\$	13,308,175	\$	537,743	\$	1,940,250	\$	(10,830,182)
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services		296,025		-		18,141		(277,884)
13	Curriculum and Staff Development		72,886		-		4,118		(68,768)
21	Instructional Leadership		159,444		-		12,273		(147,171)
23	School Leadership		980,050		-		75,527		(904,523)
31	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		559,550		-		41,318		(518,232)
32	Social Work Services		47,818		-		5,177		(42,641)
33	Health Services		264,541		-		21,792		(242,749)
34	Student (Pupil) Transportation		433,253		-		29,067		(404, 186)
35	Food Services		659,219		239,584		487,146		67,511
36	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		1,320,715		308,180		171,773		(840,762)
41	General Administration		737,729		-		42,147		(695,582)
51	Plant Maintenance and Operations		1,757,989		11,804		36,316		(1,709,869)
52	Security and Monitoring Services		180,825		-		5,847		(174,978)
53	Data Processing Services		216,448		-		10,261		(206, 187)
72	Interest on Long-term Debt		987,475		-		170,723		(816,752)
73	Debt Issuance Costs and Fees		4,560		-		-		(4,560)
99	Other Intergovernmental Charges		221,605						(221,605)
TG	Total Governmental Activities	\$	22,208,307	\$	1,097,311	\$	3,071,876	\$	(18,039,120)
TP	Total Primary Government	\$	22,208,307	\$	1,097,311	\$	3,071,876	\$	(18,039,120)
		Gen	neral Revenues:						
МТ			operty Taxes, I		for General Pu	rnose		\$	7,582,771
DT			operty Taxes, I					Ψ	3,139,378
ΙE			estment Earnir		ioi Debi Gervio	•			332,830
GC				•	s Not Restricte	ed to S	pecific Programs	;	9,274,868
MI			scellaneous					•	30,285
TR			tal General Rev	enues				\$	20,360,132
CN			ange in Net Po					\$	2,321,012
NB			Position - Begi		(September 1)			Ψ	8,733,463
NE			Position - Endi	-	(== ===================================				11,054,475

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2019

Data			10		50 Debt		Other		98 Total
Control			General		Service	Go	vernmental	G	overnmental
Codes	_		Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds
	ASSETS								
1110	Cash and Investments	\$	11,298,957	\$	622,259	\$	442,598	\$	12,363,814
1225	Property Taxes Receivable, Net	•	397,106	•	163,510	•	-	•	560,616
1240	Due from Other Governments		904,276		-		95,409		999,685
1250	Accrued Interest		1,432		_		-		1,432
1260	Due from Other Funds		, -		13,234		_		13,234
1410	Unrealized Expenditures		132,726		-		_		132,726
	•								
1000	Total Assets	\$	12,734,497	\$	799,003	\$	538,007	\$	14,071,507
	LIABILITIES								
	Current Liabilities:								
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	165,066	\$	_	\$	27,510	\$	192,576
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	•	742,384	•	_	•	38,212	•	780,596
2170	Due to Other Funds		13,234		_				13,234
2180	Due to Other Governments		-, -		18,156		_		18,156
2200	Accrued Expenditures		15,536		-		3,837		19,373
2300	Unearned Revenues		9,037		_		26,653		35,690
			<u> </u>						
2000	Total Liabilities	\$	945,257	\$	18,156	\$	96,212	\$	1,059,625
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
2610	Deferred Property Tax Revenue	\$	397,106	\$	163,510	\$		\$	560,616
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	397,106	\$	163,510	\$		\$	560,616
	FUND BALANCES								
	Nonspendable Fund Balances:								
3430	Prepaid Items	\$	132,726	\$	-	\$	-	\$	132,726
	Restricted Fund Balances:								
3450	Federal/State Funds Grants		-		-		54,555		54,555
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt		-		617,337		-		617,337
3490	Other Restrictions of Fund Balance		-		-		54,832		54,832
	Committed Fund Balances:								
3510	Construction		2,500,000		-		-		2,500,000
3520	Claims and Judgements		150,000		-		-		150,000
3530	Capital Expenditures for Equipment		300,000		-		-		300,000
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance		-		-		332,408		332,408
	Assigned Fund Balances:								
3550	Construction		3,525,000		-		-		3,525,000
3570	Capital Expenditures for Equipment		350,000		-		-		350,000
3580	Self-Insurance		675,000		-		-		675,000
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balance		400,000		-		-		400,000
3600	Unassigned		3,359,408		<u> </u>				3,359,408
3000	Total Fund Balances	\$	11,392,134	\$	617,337	\$	441,795	\$	12,451,266
	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow								
4000	of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	12,734,497	\$	799,003	\$	538,007	\$	14,071,507

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET (GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS) TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2019

Total fund balances - Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	\$ 12,451,266
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement	
of net position ("SNP") are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.	35,682,076
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.	560,616
Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(26,421,000)
Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(36,819)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are deferred in the funds.	1,335,447
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds.	(4,767,663)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.	(261,263)
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.	2,659,173
The accumulated accretion of interest on capital appreciation bonds is not reported in the funds.	(1,527,836)
Bond premiums are amortized in the SNA but not in the funds.	(1,150,171)
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the OPEB liability is not reported in the funds.	(6,330,453)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the OPEB plans are not reported in the funds.	(2,001,842)
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the OPEB plans are not reported in the funds.	862,944
Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position	\$ 11,054,475

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

		10	50		98
Data			Debt	Other	Total
Control		General	Service	Governmental	Governmental
Codes		Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
00000	-	1 una	1 dild	1 drido	1 drido
	REVENUES				
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 7,964,839	\$ 3,145,698	\$ 654,101	\$ 11,764,638
5800	State Program Revenues	10,014,047	170,723	328,487	10,513,257
5900	Federal Program Revenues	564,690		1,103,149	1,667,839
5020	Total Revenues	\$ 18,543,576	\$ 3,316,421	\$ 2,085,737	\$ 23,945,734
	EXPENDITURES				
	Current:				
0011	Instruction	\$ 9,750,190	\$ -	\$ 942,608	\$ 10,692,798
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services	219,704	-	30,827	250,531
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development	67,968	=	1,237	69,205
0021	Instructional Leadership	149,512	=	-	149,512
0023	School Leadership	894,770	=	=	894,770
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	439,784	=	55,622	495,406
0032	Social Work Services	42,984	-	-	42,984
0033	Health Services	227,762	-	-	227,762
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation	463,533	-	-	463,533
0035	Food Services	-	-	656,215	656,215
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	801,722	-	241,827	1,043,549
0041	General Administration	653,536	-	2,967	656,503
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations	1,715,775	-	-	1,715,775
0052	Security and Monitoring Services	141,617	-	5,616	147,233
0053	Data Processing Services	182,233	-	-	182,233
0071	Principal on Long-term Debt	-	2,253,367	-	2,253,367
0072	Interest on Long-term Debt	-	1,010,162	-	1,010,162
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees	-	4,560	-	4,560
0081	Capital Outlay	1,946,354	-	-	1,946,354
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	221,605			221,605
6030	Total Expenditures	\$ 17,919,049	\$ 3,268,089	\$ 1,936,919	\$ 23,124,057
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ 624,527	\$ 48,332	\$ 148,818	\$ 821,677
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
7912	Sale of Real or Personal Property	\$ 600	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 600
7080	Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ 600	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 600
1200	Net Changes in Fund Balances	\$ 625,127	\$ 48,332	\$ 148,818	\$ 822,277
0100	Fund Balances - Beginning (September 1)	10,767,007	569,005	292,977	11,628,989
3000	Fund Balances - Ending (August 31)	\$ 11,392,134	\$ 617,337	\$ 441,795	\$ 12,451,266

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds \$822,277

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities ("SOA") are different because:

Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.	2,177,731
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.	(2,489,451)
The gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is not reported in the funds.	600
All proceeds from the sale of capital assets are reported in the funds but not in the SOA.	(600)
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.	68,020
Expenses not requiring the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the funds.	(4,868)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	2,253,367
The accretion of interest on capital appreciation bonds is not reported in the funds.	24,982
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period.	2,573
GASB 68 requires certain expenditures to be de-expended and reported as deferred resource outflows.	308,207
Pension contributions made after the measurement date but in the current year were expended and reduced NPL.	(289,422)
The District's share of the unrecognized deferred inflows and outflows for the pension plan was amortized.	(446,704)
OPEB expense relating to GASB 75 is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.	(111,777)
OPEB payments deferred in prior year are expended in current year as OPEB expense.	(86,889)
Districts share of OPEB is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.	92,966
Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities	\$ 2,321,012

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2019

		A	Agency
Data			Fund
Control		5	Student
Codes			Agency
	ASSETS		
1110	Cash and Investments	\$	20,372
1000	Total Assets	_\$	20,372
	LIABILITIES		
	Current Liabilities:		
2190	Due to Student Groups	\$	20,372
2000	Total Liabilities	_\$	20,372
	NET POSITION		
3850	Held in Trust	\$	
3000	Total Net Position	\$	-

A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The basic financial statements of the Canton Independent School District (District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's <u>Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (Guide)</u>. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

1. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees (Board), a seven member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and as a body corporate has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency (Agency) or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the Agency may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by GASB in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities.

2. Basis of Presentation – Basis of Accounting

a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements – The statement of net position (SNA) and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities (SOA) presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements – The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds – The District accounts for resources restricted to or designated for specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a special revenue fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods. The Board can commit specific types of resources to specific purposes which are included as special revenue funds.

Internal Service Funds – These funds are proprietary type funds. These funds are used to account for revenues and expenses related to services provided to parties inside the District. These funds facilitate distribution of support costs to the users of support services on a cost-reimbursement basis. Because the principal users of the internal services are the District's governmental activities, this fund type is included in the "Governmental Activities" column of the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds – These funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. These include private-purpose trust and agency funds. Private-purpose trust funds account for resources, including both principal and earnings, which must be expended according to the provision of a trust agreement, and are accounted for in essentially the same manner as proprietary funds. Agency funds are purely custodial and thus do not involve measurement of results of operations.

b. Measurement Focus – Basis of Accounting

Government-wide, Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements – These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital lease are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

Under GASB Statement No. 20, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund accounting," all proprietary funds will continue to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards issued on or before November 30, 1989. However, from that date forward, proprietary funds will have the option of either 1) choosing not to apply future FASB standards (including amendments of earlier pronouncements), or 2) continuing to follow new FASB pronouncements unless they conflict with GASB guidance. The District has chosen not to apply future FASB Standards.

Budgetary Data

The official budget was prepared for adoption for the general, food service and debt service funds. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- a. Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1.
- b. A meeting of the Board is called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget with public notice given at least 10 days prior to the meeting.
- c. Prior to the expenditure of funds, the budget is adopted by the Board.

After adoption, the budget may be amended through action by the Board. Budget amendments are approved at the functional expenditure level. All amendments are before the fact and reflected in the official minutes of the Board. Budgets are controlled at the function level by personnel responsible for organizational financial reporting. All budget appropriations lapse at the year end. Budget amendments throughout the year were not significant.

4. Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at August 31, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. End-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget are:

General Fund	\$	-0-
Special Revenue Fund	·	-0-
Debt Service Fund		-0-
Capital Projects Fund		-0-
Total	\$	-0-

A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

5. Financial Statement Amounts

Cash and Investments

The District pools cash resources of its various funds in order to facilitate the management of cash. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable. The balance in the pooled accounts is available to meet current operating requirements. Cash in excess of current requirements is invested in various interest-bearing securities and disclosed as a part of the District's cash and temporary investments.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be investments if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Fund Equity

Governmental funds utilize a fund balance presentation for equity. Fund balance is categorized as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned.

Nonspendable fund balance – represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaids) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance – represents amounts with external constraints placed on the use of these resources (such as debt covenants, grantors, other governments, etc.) or imposed by enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed fund balance – represents amounts that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board. Committed resources cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specific use by taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.

Assigned fund balance – represents amounts the District intends to use for specific purposes as expressed by the Board or an official delegated the authority. The Board has delegated the authority to assign fund balances to the Superintendent.

Unassigned fund balance – represents the residual classification for the general fund or deficit balances in other funds.

In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended is as follows: restricted fund balance, followed by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance.

The District adopted a 20% of annual operating budget expenditures as its minimum general fund unassigned fund balance to ensure sufficient working capital and a margin of safety to address emergencies.

A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

The following schedule provides information about the specific fund balance classification by fund:

						Other			
	General		De	Debt Service		Governmental		Total	
Nonspendable		_		_				_	
Prepaid Items	\$	132,726	\$	-	\$	-	\$	132,726	
Restricted									
Child Nutrition Program		-		-		54,555		54,555	
Retirement of Long Term Debt		-		617,337		-		617,337	
Scholarship Funds		-		-		34,802		34,802	
Other Restricted Balances		-		-		20,030		20,030	
Committed									
Construction		2,500,000		-		-		2,500,000	
Claims and Judgements		150,000		-		-		150,000	
Capital Expenditures for Equipment		300,000		-		-		300,000	
Campus Activity Funds		-		-		332,408		332,408	
Assigned									
Construction		3,525,000		-		-		3,525,000	
Captal Expenditures for Equipment		350,000		-		-		350,000	
Self Insurance		675,000		-		-		675,000	
Other		400,000		-		-		400,000	
Unassigned		3,359,408				<u>-</u>		3,359,408	
Totals	\$	11,392,134	\$	617,337	\$	441,795	\$	12,451,266	

Inventories

The purchase method is used to account for inventories of school supplies, athletic equipment and food products. Under this method supplies and materials are debited as expenditures when purchased.

Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$ 5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Useful Lives
Buildings and Improvements	15-50
Vehicles	5-10
Other Equipment	3-15

Accretion

Accretion is an adjustment of the difference between the price of a bond issued at an original discount and the par value of the bond. For governmental activities debt, the accreted value is recognized as it accrues by fiscal year.

A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

6. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The District implemented GASB Statement Number 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB Statement Number 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits and Other Pensions. In addition to assets and liabilities, the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental fund Balance Sheet report separate sections for deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred inflows of resources represent the acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District reports certain deferred inflows and outflows related to pensions on the government-wide Statement of Net Position. At the governmental fund level, earned but unavailable revenue is reported as a deferred inflow of resources. To the extent practical, this change in accounting principle is required to be reported as an adjustment to prior periods.

The District also implemented GASB Statement Number 71, *Pension Transition For Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*, which amends the transition provisions of GASB 68. GASB 71 requires that, at transition, governments recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resource for pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning Net Pension Liability. Implementation is reflected in the financial statements and the prior period adjustment.

7. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

8. Interfund Activities

Interfund activity results from loans, service provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfer" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

9. Vacation, Sick Leave and Other Compensated Absences

District employees are entitled to certain compensated absences based on their length of employment. Sick leave accrues at various rates established by the State and adopted by the Board of Trustees. Sick leave does not vest but accumulates and is recorded as an expenditure as it is paid.

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

10. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Other Post-Employment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expenses, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit term. There are no investments as this a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

12. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could vary from these estimates.

13. Data Control Codes

Data control codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by the Agency in the *Guide*. The Agency requires the District to display these codes in its financial statements filed with the Agency in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

14. Accounting System

In accordance with Texas Education Code, Chapter 44, Subchapter A, the District adopted and implemented an accounting system which at least meets the minimum requirements prescribed by the State Board of Education and approved by the State Auditor. The District's accounting system uses codes and the code structure presented in the accounting code section of the *Guide*. Mandatory codes are utilized in the form provided in that section.

B. Deposits, Securities and Investments

The District's funds are deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The contract requires the depository to pledge approved securities in an amount significant to protect the District's day-to-day balances. The pledge is waived only to the extent of the dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance. At year end, it appears all District cash deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the name of the District. The District's deposits appear to have been properly secured throughout the fiscal year.

B. Deposits, Securities and Investments (Continued)

The District's investment policies and types of investments are governed by the Public Funds Investment Act. The Act requires specific training, reporting and establishment of local policies. The District appears to have been in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act.

State statutes and local policy authorize the District to invest in the following types of investment goods:

- a. obligations of the U.S. or its agencies or instrumentalities,
- b. obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies,
- c. obligations guaranteed by the U.S. or State of Texas or their agencies or instrumentalities,
- d. obligations of other states, agencies or political subdivisions having a national investment rating of "A" or greater,
- e. guaranteed or secured certificates of deposit issued by a bank domiciled in the State of Texas, or
- f. fully collateralized repurchase agreements.

District investments include deposits in Texpool, LOGIC, certificates of deposit and Lone Star Investment Pool. All Texpool, Lone Star, certificates of deposit and LOGIC investments are reported at their share price (fair value) and are presented as cash and investments.

Texas Local Government Investment Pool (TexPool) has been organized in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. These two acts provide for the creation of public funds investment pools and permit eligible governmental entities to jointly invest their funds in authorized investments.

The Comptroller of Public Accounts (Comptroller) is the sole officer, director and shareholder of the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company, (Trust Company), which is authorized to operate TexPool. Pursuant to the TexPool Participation Agreement, administrative and investment services to TexPool are provided by Federated Investors, Inc. (Federated), under an agreement with the Comptroller, acting on behalf of the Trust Company.

The Comptroller maintains oversight of the services provided to TexPool by Federated. In addition, the TexPool Advisory Board advises on TexPool's Investment Policy and approves any fee increases. As required by the Public Funds Investment Act, the Advisory Board is composed equally of participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool who are qualified to advise TexPool.

The fund is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's rating agency. This rating is the highest principal stability fund rating assigned by Standard & Poor's. This rating, as well as the operational policies and procedures, allow the fund to comply with the requirements of the Public Funds Investment Act.

The Lone Star Investment Pool is an investment pool available to governmental entities. The pool was established under the guidance of the Texas Public Funds Investment Act. A board of directors, made up of members of the pool, is responsible for the overall operation of the pool. The Board has employed various third party organizations to assist in the operations. These third parties are as follows: American Beacon Advisors and BNY Mellon Cash Investment Strategies – Investment Managers, RBC Wealth Management – Investment Consultant, Bank of New York Mellon – Custodian, First Public – Administration. In combination with these third party organizations, the pool has received a AAAm rating from Standard and Poor's. This rating allows the pool to meet the standards required by the Texas Public Funds Investment Act.

B. Deposits, Securities and Investments (Continued)

Local Government Investment Cooperative (LOGIC) was organized in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and operates under the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. The Public Funds Investment Act allows eligible local governments, state agencies and nonprofit corporations of the State of Texas to jointly invest their funds in permitted investments.

The Cooperative's governing body is a six-member Board of Directors (Board) comprised of employees, officers or elected officials of participant Government Entities or individuals who do not have a business relationship with LOGIC and are qualified to advise it. A maximum of two advisory board members represent the Co-Administrators of LOGIC.

Day to day administration of LOGIC will be performed by First Southwest Asset Management, Inc. and JPMorgan Chase Investment Management, Inc. First Southwest will provide administrative, participant support and marketing services. JPMorgan Chase will provide investment management, custody, fund accounting and transfer agency services.

Portfolios will maintain an AAA or equivalent rating from at least one nationally recognized rating agency in compliance with the requirements of the Public Funds Investment Act. Class A Units of LOGIC I are currently rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

The following table identifies the District's investment at year end:

	Credit Rating	 Fair Value
TexPool Lone Star Investment Pool LOGIC	AAAm AAAm AAAm	\$ 1,121,440 5,326,172 2,506,117
Certificate of Deposit Total	n/a	\$ 1,000,000 9,953,729

In addition, the following is disclosed regarding coverage of combined cash balances on the date of highest balance:

- a. Name of bank: City National Bank, Canton, Texas.
- b. Amount of bond and/or security pledged as of the date of the highest combined balance on deposit was \$ 6,325,000.
- c. Largest cash, savings and time deposit combined account balances amounted to \$4,055,446, and occurred during the month of January 2019.
- d. Total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of the highest combined balance was \$500,000.

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

B. <u>Deposits, Securities and Investments (Continued)</u>

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the Districts' name. At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

C. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1, in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1, of the year following the October 1 levy date. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

Property taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectibles within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Section 33.05, Property Tax Code, requires the tax collector for the District to cancel and remove from the delinquent tax rolls a tax on real property that has been delinquent for more than 20 years or a tax on personal property that has been delinquent for more than 10 years. Delinquent taxes meeting this criteria may not be canceled if litigation concerning these taxes is pending.

The District levied taxes on property within the District at \$ 1.04 to fund general operations and \$ 0.431 for the payment of principal and interest on long term debt. The rates were levied on property assessed totaling \$ 721,634,874.

D. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activities during the year ended were as follows:

	Beginning Balance Incre			Increases	ses Decreases			Ending Balances
Governmental Activities: Capital Assets not Being Depreciated:								
Land	\$	976,909	\$	-	\$	-	\$	976,909
Construction in Progress		231,088		1,942,354		-		2,173,442
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated	\$	1,207,997	\$	1,942,354	\$	-	\$	3,150,351
Capital Assets being Depreciated:								
Building and Improvements	\$	62,250,639	\$	4,000	\$	173,409	\$	62,081,230
Equipment		978,178		24,558		-		1,002,736
Vehicles		2,189,109		206,819		-		2,395,928
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	\$	65,417,926	\$	235,377	\$	173,409	\$	65,479,894
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Buildings and Improvements	\$	28,310,396	\$	2,193,433	\$	173,409	\$	30,330,420
Equipment		661,214		145,334		-		806,548
Vehicles		1,660,517		150,684		-		1,811,201
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	30,632,127	\$	2,489,451	\$	173,409	\$	32,948,169
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net	\$	34,785,799	\$	(2,254,074)	\$	-	\$	32,531,725
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	35,993,796	\$	(311,720)	\$	-	\$	35,682,076

Depreciation was charged to governmental activities functions as follows:

Instruction	\$	1,873,804
Instructional Resources and Media Services		32,712
School Leadership		26,032
Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		29,180
Health Services		20,723
Student (Pupil) Transportation		115,552
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		268,064
General Administration		38,877
Plant Maintenance and Operations		29,183
Security		28,197
Data Processing	-	27,127
Total	\$	2,489,451

E. Long Term Obligations

Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligation activities during the year were as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances	Amounts Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities:						
Bonds Payable	\$ 28,674,367	\$ -	\$ 2,253,367	\$ 26,421,000	\$ 1,384,000	
Accreted Interest Payable	1,552,818	70,651	95,633	1,527,836	-	
Unamortized Premium (Discount)	1,259,186	-	109,015	1,150,171	<u>-</u>	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 31,486,371	\$ 70,651	\$ 2,458,015	\$ 29,099,007	\$ 1,384,000	

Bonds

The District has issued various series of general obligation bonds to fund facility construction and improvements. Bonds mature at various times with varying rates of interest. The bonds issued require the District to levy an ad valorem tax annually to retire the current maturities.

The following bonded debt issues are outstanding at year end:

	Interest	Original	Outstanding
Description	Rate	Amount	Balances
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2006	3.85%	\$ 9,330,000	\$ 130,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2011	2.24%	4,835,000	3,475,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2014	2.70%	8,560,000	8,200,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2015	3.21%	8,985,000	8,680,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2018	2.83%	7,430,000	5,936,000
Totals			\$ 26,421,000

Maturity requirements on bonded debt at year end are as follows:

Year Ending August 31	Principal	Interest	Re	Total equirements
	 •			
2020	\$ 1,384,000	\$ 1,096,614	\$	2,480,614
2021	1,663,000	818,134		2,481,134
2022	1,720,000	761,190		2,481,190
2023	1,779,000	702,282		2,481,282
2024	1,841,000	641,091		2,482,091
2025- 2029	7,567,000	4,286,427		11,853,427
2030- 2034	4,577,000	1,411,009		5,988,009
2035- 2039	5,890,000	350,600		6,240,600
Totals	\$ 26,421,000	\$ 10,067,347	\$	36,488,347

F. Pension Plan

1. Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

2. Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (1) above.

3. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employees' contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Senate Bill 1458 of the 83rd Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 thru 2017. The 83rd Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 and 2015. The 84th Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2018 and 2019.

Contribution Rates

				20	18	2019
Member			_	7.	7%	7.7%
Non-Emplo	yer	Contributing Entity (State)		6.8	3%	6.8%
Employers				6.8	3%	6.8%
201	9	Employer Contributions	\$		308,207	•
201	9	Member Contributions	\$		837,006	;
201	8	NECE On-Behalf Contributions	\$		549,541	

F. Pension Plan (Continued)

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.

During a new member's first 90 days of employment.

When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to.

When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

When a school district or charter school does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

4. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$ 4,767,663 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 4,767,663
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	8,984,621
Total	\$ 13,752,284

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2018 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contribution to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2017 thru August 31, 2018.

F. Pension Plan (Continued)

At August 31, 2018, the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0086617962%, which was an increase of 0.0001396872% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2017.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following changes have occurred to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affects measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- a. Use of the roll forward method for the 2018 valuation
- b. Use of the 2017 experience study which includes demographic assumptions such as post-retirement mortality, termination rates, and rates of retirement
- c. Use of economic assumption such as salary increases
- d. Change in discount rate from 8.0% to 6.907%
- e. Change in assumed rate of return from 8.0% to 7.25%

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

For the current year the District recognized pension expense of \$ 1,625,364 and revenue of \$ 889,238 for support provided by the State.

At year end the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	 rred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences Changes of actuarial assumptions Differences between projected and actual investment earnings	\$ 29,718 1,718,972 -	\$ 116,980 53,718 90,463
Changes in proportion and differences between the employers contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	 602,276	 102
Total as of August 31, 2018 measurement date	\$ 2,350,966	\$ 261,263
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	 308,207	
Total at fiscal year end	\$ 2,659,173	\$ 261,263

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
August 31	Amount
2020	\$ 571,980
2021	381,605
2022	323,667
2023	319,497
2024	299,742
Thereafter	193,212

F. Pension Plan (Continued)

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2017 rolled forward Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Market Value

Single Discount Rate 6.91%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return 7.25%
Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increases including inflation 3.05% to 9.05%

Payroll Growth Rate 2.50%
Benefit Changes during the year None
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are based primarily on a study of actual experience for the four year period ended August 31, 2014 and adopted on September 24, 2015.

6. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.907%. There was no change in the discount rate since the previous year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimates ranges future real rates of return (expected returns, net pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2018 are summarized on the following page:

F. Pension Plan (Continued)

	Target	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real	Expected Contribution to Long-Term
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	Portfolio Returns *
Global Equity			
U.S.	18.00%	5.70%	1.04%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.00%	6.90%	0.90%
Emerging Markets	9.00%	8.95%	0.80%
Directional Hedge Funds	4.00%	3.53%	0.14%
Private Equity	13.00%	10.18%	1.32%
Stable Value			
U.S. Treasuries	11.00%	1.11%	0.12%
Absolute Return	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4.00%	3.09%	0.12%
Cash	1.00%	-0.30%	0.00%
Real Return			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds	3.00%	0.70%	0.02%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.21%	0.73%
Energy and Natural Resources	5.00%	7.48%	0.37%
Commodities	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Risk Parity			
Risk Paritiy	5.00%	3.70%	0.18%
Inflation Expectation			2.30%
Alpha			-0.79%
Total	100.00%		7.25%

^{*} The expected contribution to returns incorporates the volatility drag resulting from the conversion between artithmetic and geometric mean returns.

7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the District's share of the net pension liability of the plan using the discount rate of 6.907%, as well as what the District's share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 - percentage point lower (5.907%) or 1 - percentage point higher (7.907%) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease in	Discount Rate 6.907%		1%	Increase in
	Dis	scount Rate			Discount Rate	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	7,195,546	\$	4,767,663	\$	2,802,147

8. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592. The information provided in the Notes to the Financial Statements in the 2016 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for TRS provides the following information regarding the Pension Plan fiduciary net position as of August 31, 2018 and 2017.

F. Pension Plan (Continued)

Net Pension Liability	August 31, 2018	August 31, 2017			
Total Pension Liability Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position Net Pension Liability	\$ 209,611,328,793 (154,568,901,833) \$ 55,042,426,960	\$ 179,336,834,819 (147,361,922,120) \$ 31,974,912,699			
Net Position as percentage of Total Pension Liability	73.74%	82.17%			

G. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans

1. Plan Description

The employer participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

2. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail Information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr/pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

3. Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage (TRS-Care 1), at no cost to all retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible retirees and their dependents not enrolled in Medicare may pay premiums to participate in one of two optional insurance plans with more comprehensive benefits (TRS-Care 2 and TRS-Care 3). Eligible retirees and dependents enrolled in Medicare may elect to participate in one of the two Medicare health plans for an additional fee. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for the optional health insurance are based on years of service of the member. The schedule below shows the monthly rates for the average retiree with Medicare Parts A&B coverage, with 20 to 29 years of service for the basic plan and the two optional plans.

TRS-Care Plan Premium Rates Effective Sept. 1, 2017 - Dec. 31, 2018							
		TRS-Care 1 Basic Plan		TRS-C Option	are 2 al Plan	TRS-Care 3 Optional Plar	
Retiree *		\$	-	\$	70	\$	100
Retiree and Spouse			20		175		255
Retiree * and Children			41		132		182
Retiree and Family			61		237		337
Surviving Children only			28		62		82

^{*} or surviving spouse

G. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (Continued)

4. Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.0% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.65% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rates

	2018		2019
Active Employee	0.65%		0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%		1.25%
Employers	7.50%		0.75%
Federal/Private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%		1.25%
2019 Employer Contributions	\$	92,966	
2019 Member Contributions	\$	70,655	
2018 NECE On-Behalf Contributions	\$	125,435	

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When employers hire a TRS retiree, they are required to pay to TRS Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$ 15.6 million in fiscal year 2017 and \$ 394.6 million in fiscal year 2018.

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2018 TRS pension actuarial valuation:

Rates of Mortality Rates of Retirement Rates of Termination Rates of Disability Incidence General Inflation Wage Inflation Expected Payroll Growth

G. <u>Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (Continued)</u>

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

August 31, 2017 rolled forward Valuation Date **Actuarial Cost Method** Individual Entry Age Normal

2.30% Inflation 3.69% Discount Rate

Based on pan specific experience Aging Factors Third-party administrative expenses Expenses related to the delivery of health care

benefits are includeed in the age- adjusted claims costs.

2.50%

Payroll Growth Rate Projected Salary Increases 3.05% to 9.05% Healthcare Trend Rates 4.50% to 12.00%

Normal Retirement: 70% participation prior **Election Rates**

to age 65 and 75% participation after age

None

Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes

6. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 3.69% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was a change of 0.027% in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The source of the municipal bond rate was Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2018.

7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the net OPEB liability if the discount rate used was 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (3.69%) in measuring the net OPEB liability.

	1% Decrease in	1% Increase in		
	Discount Rate	Di	scount Rate	Discount Rate
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 7,535,414	\$	6,330,453	\$ 5,377,251

8. Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate.

	Current Healthcare					
	1% Decrease	Cos	st Trend Rate	1% Increase		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 5,257,544	\$	6,330,453	\$ 7,743,497		

G. <u>Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (Continued)</u>

9. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At August 31, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$ 6,330,453 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 6,330,453
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	9,091,767
Total	\$ 15,422,220

The net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2018 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the employer's contribution to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2017 thru August 31, 2018.

At August 31, 2018, the employer's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.0126784234%, which was an increase of 0.0005970876% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2017.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurements of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

- a. Use of a roll-forward method for the actuarial assumption
- b. Known retirees that discontinued health insurance were adjusted
- c. Changes in the healthcare trend rate allowing for the return of the Health Insurance Fee
- d. Demographic and economic changes resulting from the 2017 experience study
- e. Discount rate increase from 3.42% to 3.69%

Changes to the benefits provided since the prior measurement date include:

- a. Changes of retiree registration entry date
- b. Requiring retiree to contribute \$200 monthly towards insurance premiums
- c. Various changes in Medicare eligible retirees including prescription coverage and other appropriate health benefit plans

For the current year, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$ 529,370 and revenue of \$ 330,704 for support provided by the State.

At year end, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resource and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

G. <u>Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (Continued)</u>

		red Outflows Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences	\$	335,934	\$ 99,904		
Changes in actuarial assumptions Differences between projected and actual investment earnings Changes in proportion and differences between the employer's		105,638 1,107	1,901,938		
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		327,299	 		
Total as of August 31, 2018 measurement date	\$	769,978	\$ 2,001,842		
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date		92,966	 		
Total at fiscal year end	\$	862,944	\$ 2,001,842		

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expenses as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	
August 31	Amount
2020	\$ (208,435)
2021	(208, 435)
2022	(208, 435)
2023	(208,644)
2024	(208,764)
Thereafter	(189,151)

H. Medicare Part D

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement and Modernization Act of 2003 established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. Under Medicare Part D, TRS-Care receives retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the years ended August 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District were \$ 33,585, \$ 31,919 and \$ 30,750, respectively. These payments are recorded as equal revenues and expenditures in the governmental funds financial statement of the District.

I. Risk Management

Health Care

During the year ended employees of the Canton Independent School District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District paid premiums of \$ 245 per month per employee and employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to provide dependents coverage under the Plan. All premiums were paid to Aetna. The Plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2, Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the Canton Independent School District and Aetna is renewable December 1 of each year and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

Latest financial statements for Aetna are available for the year ended December 31, 2018, and have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance, Austin, Texas, and are public records.

I. Risk Management (continued)

Unemployment Compensation Pool

During the year ended the District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Local Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute interlocal agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued each month until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop loss coverage for Unemployment Compensation pool.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each plan year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2018, are available at the TASB offices and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

Other Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2019, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover these liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

J. Litigation

The District does not appear to be involved in any litigation as of year end.

K. Commitments and Contingencies

The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at year end, may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

L. Shared Service Arrangements

The District participates in cooperative programs with other local districts. The District does not account for revenue or expenditures of these programs and does not disclose them in these financial statements.

Shared Service Agreement	Fiscal Agent	Service			
Block Grant	Region X Education	Title III Part A			
	Services Center	Carl Perkins Grant			

M. Revenue from Local and Intermediate Sources

During the year the District received revenue from local and intermediate sources consisting of the following:

			Debt		Other	
		General	Service	Go	vernmental	Totals
Property Tax Collections	\$	7,534,847	\$ 3,119,284	\$	-	\$ 10,654,131
Investment Income		304,612	21,860		6,358	332,830
Rent		11,804	-		-	11,804
Food Service Income		-	-		239,584	239,584
Gifts and Bequests		1,000	-		161,636	162,636
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		57,423	-		246,523	303,946
Tuition and Fees		25,787	-		-	25,787
Miscellaneous		4,235	-		-	4,235
Other		25,131	4,554		-	29,685
Totals	_\$_	7,964,839	\$ 3,145,698	\$	654,101	\$ 11,764,638

N. Receivables

Receivables at year end for the District's individual major funds and aggregate nonmajor funds, including any applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		General		ebt ervice	Gov	Other vernmental		Totals
5 (01 0	•	004.070	•		•	0= 400	•	
Due from Other Governments	\$	904,276	\$	-	\$	95,409	\$	999,685
Property Taxes Receivable		441,229		181,677		-		622,906
Less: Allowance for Uncollectible								
Property Taxes		(44, 123)		(18, 167)		-		(62,290)
Other Receivables		1,432		-		-		1,432
Net Receivables	\$	1,302,814	\$	163,510	\$	95,409	\$	1,561,733

O. <u>Subsequent Events</u>

The District's management has evaluated subsequent events through November 11, 2019, the date which the financial statements were available for use.

P. <u>Interfund Balances and Activities</u>

Interfund Receivables and Payables

The composition of interfund balances as of year end, is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount				
Debt Service Fund	General Fund	\$	13,234			

Q. State Aid Reconciliation

The State provides various types of funding for local school districts as provided for in state statute. The following reconciliation presents funding earned by the District in each category presented. Because of the State's delay in reconciling the funding to local districts, the summary below represents an estimate of earnings. The settle-up with the State will occur some 9 to 10 months following the fiscal year end.

Funding is earned for: 1) Available – annual allocation based on prior year enrollment; 2) Foundation – annual allocation based on student attendance, property tax collections and valuations, and special student population; 3) Instructional Facilities Allotment – based on property wealth; and 4) Existing Debt Allotment – based on eligible debt, student attendance and property wealth. Various other sources are received but not reconciled here as these are the major sources of funding.

	Available		Foundation		 IFA	EDA		
CY Summary of Finances (SOF) Prior Year Settle Ups August Instructional Days Change	\$	1,002,145 - (22,641)	\$	8,120,057 12,263 143,026	\$ 152,201 (25,118)	\$	50,742 (7,102)	
Financial Statement Earnings	\$	979,504	\$	8,275,346	\$ 127,083	\$	43,640	
Financial Statement Amounts SOF Receivable (Overpayment) August Instructional Days Receivable	\$	- 30,486	\$	277,755 596,036	\$ (1,183) -	\$	6,989 -	

^{*} Overpayments are represented in the financial statements as Unearned Revenue (government-wide and governmental).

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	YEAR EI	NDED AUGUST 31, 2	2019			
Data						riance with nal Budget
Contr	ol	Budgeted	Amounts		FI	Positive
Code		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
	-					<u> </u>
	REVENUES					
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 7,522,802	\$ 7,522,802	\$ 7,964,839	\$	442,037
5800	State Program Revenues	9,144,735	9,444,735	10,014,047		569,312
5900	•	225,000	425,000	564,690		139,690
5020	Total Revenues	\$ 16,892,537	\$ 17,392,537	\$ 18,543,576	\$	1,151,039
0020	Total Neverlacs	Ψ 10,002,001	Ψ 17,002,007	Ψ 10,040,010	Ψ_	1,101,000
	EXPENDITURES					
	Instruction and Instructional Related Services:					
0011	Instruction	\$ 9,931,991	\$ 10,424,129	\$ 9,750,190	\$	673,939
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services	219,494	219,994	219,704		290
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development	64,735	68,885	67,968		917
	Total Instruction and Instr. Related Services	\$ 10,216,220	\$ 10,713,008	\$ 10,037,862	\$	675,146
	Instructional and School Leadership:					
	Instructional Leadership	\$ 166,833	\$ 167,083	\$ 149,512	\$	17,571
0023	School Leadership	902,311	902,311	894,770		7,541
	Total Instructional and School Leadership	\$ 1,069,144	\$ 1,069,394	\$ 1,044,282	\$	25,112
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):					
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	\$ 451,211	\$ 450,211	\$ 439,784	\$	10,427
	Social Work Services	54,929	54,929	42,984	*	11,945
	Health Services	255,426	255,426	227,762		27,664
	Student (Pupil) Transportation	641,433	641,433	463,533		177,900
	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	890,784	890,784	801,722		89,062
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	\$ 2,293,783	\$ 2,292,783	\$ 1,975,785	\$	316,998
						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
0044	Administrative Support Services:	¢ 604.035	¢ 604025	Ф 6E2 E26	Φ	24 200
0041		\$ 684,935	\$ 684,935 \$ 684,935	\$ 653,536	<u>\$</u> \$	31,399
	Total Administrative Support Services	\$ 684,935	\$ 684,935	\$ 653,536	<u> </u>	31,399
	Support Services - Nonstudent Based:					
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations	\$ 1,752,364	\$ 1,752,364	\$ 1,715,775	\$	36,589
0052	Security and Monitoring Services	151,179	155,141	141,617		13,524
0053	Data Processing Services	227,716	227,716	182,233		45,483
	Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based	\$ 2,131,259	\$ 2,135,221	\$ 2,039,625	\$	95,596
	Capital Outlay:					
0081		\$ 272,196	\$ 2,272,196	\$ 1,946,354	\$	325,842
0001	Total Capital Outlay	\$ 272,196	\$ 2,272,196	\$ 1,946,354	\$	325,842
	,	Ψ 272,100	Ψ 2,272,100	Ψ 1,040,004	Ψ_	020,042
	Intergovernmental Charges:					
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	\$ 225,000	\$ 225,000	\$ 221,605	\$	3,395
	Total Intergovernmental Charges	\$ 225,000	\$ 225,000	\$ 221,605	\$	3,395
6030	Total Expenditures	\$ 16,892,537	\$ 19,392,537	\$ 17,919,049	\$	1,473,488
4400	Funcial (Definion and of Devenues					
1100	` ,	Φ.	Φ (0.000.000)	Ф 004.50 7	Φ.	0.004.507
	Over Expenditures		\$ (2,000,000)	\$ 624,527	\$	2,624,527
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
7012	Sale of Real or Personal Property	c _	c -	\$ 600	Φ.	600
1312	Care of real of recisional respectly	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 600	\$_	
7080	Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 600	\$	600
	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ (2,000,000)	\$ 625,127	\$	2,625,127
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning (September 1)	10,767,007	10,767,007	10,767,007		<u> </u>
					¢	2 625 127
3000	Fund Balance - Ending (August 31)	\$ 10,767,007	\$ 8,767,007	\$ 11,392,134	\$	2,625,127

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULES OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS

YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	2018*	2017 *	2016 *	2015 *	2014 *
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0086617962%	0.0085221090%	0.0083248638%	0.0086765000%	0.0044324000%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,767,663	\$ 2,724,911	\$ 3,145,842	\$ 3,067,027	\$ 1,183,956
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	8,984,621	5,396,438	6,544,950	6,309,383	5,202,426
Total	\$ 13,752,284	\$ 8,121,349	\$ 9,690,792	\$ 9,376,410	\$ 6,386,382
District's covered-employee payroll (for Measurement Year)	\$ 10,478,627	\$ 10,201,420	\$ 9,958,428	\$ 9,662,998	\$ 8,836,421
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	45.50%	26.71%	31.59%	31.74%	13.40%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	73.74%	82.17%	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%

Note: Only five years of data is presented in accordance with GASB 68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

^{*} The years above present data for the measurement period ending date. The measurement period represents the period for which the pensions plan prepares its reports which provides a 12 month delay for financial reporting in accordance with GASB 68.

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016		2015
Contractually required contributions	\$ 308,207	\$ 289,422	\$ 278,598	\$ 264,615	9	249,695
Contributions in relations to the contractual required contributions	 (308,207)	 (289,422)	 (278,598)	 (264,615)	_	(249,695)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	9	<u>-</u>
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 10,870,191	\$ 10,478,627	\$ 10,201,420	\$ 9,958,428	\$	9,662,998
Contributions as a percentage of covered	2.84%	2.76%	2.73%	2.66%		2.58%
employee payroll						

Note: Only five years of data is presented in accordance with GASB 68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	2018*	2017 *
District's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.0126784234%	0.0120813358%
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 6,330,453	\$ 5,253,720
State's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) associated with the District	9,091,767	8,017,765
Total	\$ 15,422,220	\$ 13,271,485
District's covered-employee payroll (for Measurement Year)	\$ 10,478,627	\$ 10,201,420
	, , ,,,	, ,,,,,
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	60.41%	51.50%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	1.57%	0.91%

Note: Only two years of data is presented in accordance with GASB 75 paragraph 245. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

^{*} The years above present data for the measurement period ending date. The measurement period represents the period for which the pension plan prepares its reports which provides a 12 month delay for financial reporting in accordance with GASB 75.

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICTS OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	2019		2018		
Contractually required contributions	\$	92,966	\$	86,889	
Contributions in relations to the contractual required contributions		(92,966)		(86,889)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	-	
District's covered employee payroll	\$	10,870,191	\$	10,478,627	
				/	
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		0.86%		0.83%	

Note: Only two years of data is presented in accordance with GASB 75, paragraph 245. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

A. Budget

The official budget was prepared for adoption for all Government Fund Types. The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- 1. Prior to June 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at June 30, and encumbrances outstanding at the time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

B. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

1. Changes of Assumptions

The following changes occurred in the plan assumptions:

- a. A roll forward method was used to determine the August 31, 2018 valuation.
- b. Demographic assumptions including post retirement mortality, termination rates and rates of retirement were updated based on the experience study performed for the period ended August 31, 2017.
- c. The same experience study resulted in changes to the economic assumptions including rates of salary increases for individual participants.
- d. The discount rate was decreased from 8.0% to 6.907%.
- e. The assumed long term rate of return decreased from 8.0% to 7.25%.

2. Changes of Benefit Terms

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

C. OPEB Healthcare Plan

1. Changes of Assumptions

The following changes occurred in the plan assumptions.

- a. A roll forward method was used to develop the August 31, 2018 valuation.
- b. Adjustments were made for known retirees that discontinued their health insurance in the 2018 year.
- c. The health care trend rate assumption was adjusted to allow for the anticipated return of the Health Insurance Fee.
- d. The demographic and economic assumptions were changed to consider the result of the experience study for the year ended August 31, 2017.
- e. The discount rate was increased from 3.42% to 3.69%.

2. Changes of Benefit Terms

The following changes have occurred in the benefits terms:

- a. Implemented a high-deductible health plan that provides a zero cost generic prescriptions for certain preventative drugs and zero premium for disability retirees who retired as a disability retiree and are not eligible to enroll in Medicare.
- b. Created a single Medicare advantage plan and Medicare prescription drug plan for all Medicare eligible participants.
- c. Allowed the system (TRS) to provide other appropriate health benefit plans to address the needs of enrollees eligible for Medicare.
- d. Allowed eligible retirees and their eligible dependents to enroll in TRS-Care when the retiree reaches 65 years of age rather than waiting for the next enrollment period.
- e. Eliminated free coverage under the TRS-Care except for certain disability retirees enrolled during Plan Years 2018 through 2021, requiring members to contribute \$ 200 per month towards health insurance premiums.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

		1	2	3		10	20		30		30a	40	0		50
Tax		Tax R	ates	_Assessed/Appraised	Ве	ginning	Current					Ent	tire	Е	nding
Roll	Last Ten Years Ended	t	Debt	Value For School	Ва	alance	Year's	M	aintenance	De	bt Service	Yea	ır's	Ва	alance
Year	August 31	Maintenance	Service	Tax Purposes	9/	1/2018	Total Levy	Tax	Collections	Tax	Collections	Adjustments		8/31/2019	
XXXX	2010 and Prior Years	Various	Various	Various	\$	30,856	\$ -	\$	2,747	\$	972	\$	(528)	\$	26,609
2010	2011	1.040000	0.431000	596,685,244		18,681	-		1,356		562		(17)		16,746
2011	2012	1.040000	0.431000	596,246,865		21,728	-		2,088		865		(18)		18,757
2012	2013	1.040000	0.431000	896,788,980		26,750	-		4,440		1,840		(44)		20,426
2013	2014	1.040000	0.431000	602,807,886		35,071	-		4,775		1,979		29		28,346
2014	2015	1.040000	0.431000	621,060,822		61,481	-		8,318		3,447		234		49,950
2015	2016	1.040000	0.431000	619,753,886		76,750	-		11,329		4,695		3,247		63,973
2016	2017	1.040000	0.431000	657,659,222		96,439	-		13,281		5,504		(360)		77,294
2017	2018	1.040000	0.431000	682,761,931		179,573	-		36,149		14,981	(15,329)		113,114
2018	2019	1.040000	0.431000	721,634,874 _		-	10,615,249		7,358,164		3,049,394		1		207,692
1000	TOTALS			=	\$	547,329	\$ 10,615,249	\$	7,442,647	\$	3,084,239	\$ (12,785)	\$	622,907

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND NATIONAL SCHOOL LUNCH PROGRAM BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Contro	d.		Budgeted	d Amo	unts			Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
Codes			Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)	
	REVENUES								
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	250,993	\$	250,993	\$	240,435	\$	(10,558)
5800	State Program Revenues	Ψ	5,030	Ψ	5,030	Ψ	4,322	Ψ	(708)
5900	Federal Program Revenues		486,472		486,472		424,940		(61,532)
5020	Total Revenues	\$	742,495	\$	742,495	\$	669,697	\$	(72,798)
	EXPENDITURES								
	Current:								
0005	Support Services - Student (Pupil):	•	740 405	•	740 405	•	054077	•	07.040
0035	Food Services	\$	742,495	\$	742,495	\$	654,677	\$	87,818
	Total Support Service - Student (Pupil)	\$	742,495	\$	742,495	_\$_	654,677	\$	87,818
6030	Total Expenditures	\$	742,495	\$	742,495	\$	654,677	\$	87,818
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
	Over Expenditures	\$		\$		\$	15,020	\$	15,020
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15,020	\$	15,020
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning (September 1)		39,535		39,535		39,535		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending (August 31)	\$	39,535	\$	39,535	\$	54,555	\$	15,020

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

					Va	riance with
Data					Fir	nal Budget
Contro	ol	Budget	ed Amounts		Positive	
Codes	8	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
	REVENUES					
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 2,990,136	\$ 2,996,136	\$ 3,145,698	\$	149,562
5800	State Program Revenues	258,467	252,467	170,723		(81,744)
5020	Total Revenues	\$ 3,248,603	\$ 3,248,603	\$ 3,316,421	\$	67,818
	EXPENDITURES					
	Debt Service:					
0071	Principal on Long-term Debt	\$ 1,551,283	\$ 1,651,283	\$ 2,253,367	\$	(602,084)
0072	Interest on Long-term Debt	1,692,320	1,692,320	1,010,162		682,158
0073	Debt Issuance Costs and Fees	5,000	5,000	4,560		440
	Total Debt Service	\$ 3,248,603	\$ 3,348,603	\$ 3,268,089	\$	80,514
6030	Total Expenditures	\$ 3,248,603	\$ 3,348,603	\$ 3,268,089	\$	80,514
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ (100,000)	\$ 48,332	\$	148,332
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning (September 1)	569,005	569,005	569,005		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending (August 31)	\$ 569,005	\$ 469,005	\$ 617,337	\$	148,332

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS AS OF AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control Codes		<u>Re</u>	sponse_
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year end?		No
SF4	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?		Yes
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state, or federal funds?		No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state or federal funds?		No
SF7	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies?		Yes
SF8	Did the school district not receive an adjusted repayment schedule for more than one fiscal year for an over allocation of Foundation School Program (FSP) funds as a result of a financial hardship?		Yes
SF10	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end.	\$	1,527,836
SF11	Net Pension Assets (1920) at fiscal year-end.	\$	-0-
SF12	Net Pension Liabilities (2540) at fiscal year-end.	\$	4,767,663
SF13	Net Pension Expense (6147) at fiscal year end.	\$	-0-

FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

(01) Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	(02) Federal CFDA Number	(02A) Pass-Through Grantor Identifying Number		(03) Federal penditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Passed through the Texas Education Agency:				
IDEA - B Formula (B) *	84.027	206600012349026600	\$	24,017
IDEA - B Formula (B) *	84.027	186600012349026600		29,393
IDEA - B Formula (B) *	84.027	196600012349026600		342,050
IDEA - B Preschool (B) *	84.173	186610012349026610		164
IDEA - B Preschool (B) *	84.173	196610012349026010		3,769
IDEA - B Preschool (B) *	84.173	206610012349026610		277
Title IV Part A - Subpart I	84.424	18680101234902		1,666
Title IV Part A - Subpart I	84.424	19680101234902		11,021
Carl D. Perkins	84.048A	19420006234902		18,679
ESEA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010	20610101234902		16,077
ESEA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010	19610101234902		187,222
ESEA Title II Part A - Teacher and Principal Training	84.367	18694501234902		190
ESEA Title II Part A - Teacher and Principal Training	84.367	19694501234902		38,312
ESEA Title II Part A - Teacher and Principal Training	84.367	20694501234902		1,678
Total passed through the Texas Education Agency			\$	674,515
rotal passou allough ale roxue zudeaden rigelie,				0,0.0
Passed through Education Service Center, Region X:				
ESEA Title III Part A - LEP	84.365	19671001057950	\$	3,694
Total passed through Education Service Center, Region X			\$	3,694
Total Department of Education			\$	678,209
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Passed through the Texas Department of Agriculture:				
			•	aa=
School Breakfast Program (A)	10.553	0600	\$	91,495
National School Lunch Program (A)	10.555	0600		285,676
USDA Food Distribution	10.565	234002A		47,769
Total Department of Agriculture			\$	424,940
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	1,103,149
rota. Experiancies of Federal Artalus			Ψ	1,100,170

^{*} Denotes Major Program

See accompanying notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

A - Child Nutrition Cluster

B - Special Education Cluster

CANTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

A. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Canton Independent School District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which a fund liability occurs. Funds are considered earned to the extent of expenditures made.

The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

B. Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. No provision has been made for amounts on hand at year end.

C. Reconciliation of Federal Revenue with Financial Statements

The District records amounts received from the federal government or other recipients of federal grant as federal revenue in the financial statements. This reconciliation identifies the difference between the financial statement revenues and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards:

Total Federal Expenditures (Exhibit K-1)	\$ 1,103,149
Federal Program Indirect Cost	52,735
School Health and Related Services	 511,95 <u>5</u>
Federal Revenue (Exhibit C-3)	\$ 1,667,839